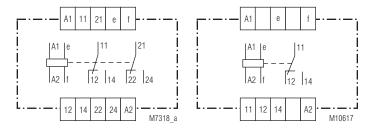


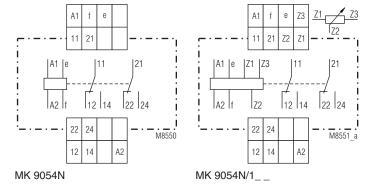


Circuit Diagrams



BA 9054

BA 9054/_ 2 _



Connection Terminals

Terminal designation	Signal designation
A1, A2	Auxiliary voltage
e, f	Voltage measuring input
11, 12, 14	1st changeover contact
21, 22, 24	2nd changeover contact

Your Advantages

- Protection against defect by overvoltage
- Preventive maintenance
- For better productivity
- Quicker fault locating
- Precise and reliable

Features

- According to IEC/EN 60 255, DIN VDE 0435-303, IEC/EN 60 947-1
- to: monitor DC and AC
- BA 9054 with measuring ranges from 15 mV to 1000 V
- MK 9054N with measuring ranges from 15 mV to 500 V
- · High overload possible
- Input frequency up to 5 kHz
- Galvanic separation between Auxiliary Circuit measuring ciruit
- · Auxiliary supply AC/DC; BA 9054 with AC
- BA 9054 optionally with start-up delay (MK = standard)
- with time delay, up to max. 100 sec
- BA 9054 optionally with safe separation to IEC/EN 61140
- MK 9054N optionally with remote potentiometer
- As option with manual reset
- LED indicators for operation and contact position
- MK 9054N as option with pluggable terminal blocks for easy exchange of devices
 - with screw terminals
 - or with cage clamp terminals
- Width BA 9054: 45 mm
 Width MK 9054N: 22.5 mm

Approvals and Markings



* see variants

Applications

- Monitoring voltage in AC or DC systems
- For industrial and railway applications

Function

The relays measure the arithmetic mean value of the rectified measuring voltage. The AC units are adjusted to the r.m.s value. They have settings for response value and hysteresis. The units work as overvoltage relays but can also be used for undervoltage detection. The hysteresis is dependent on the response value.

2 time delays are possible in different variants:

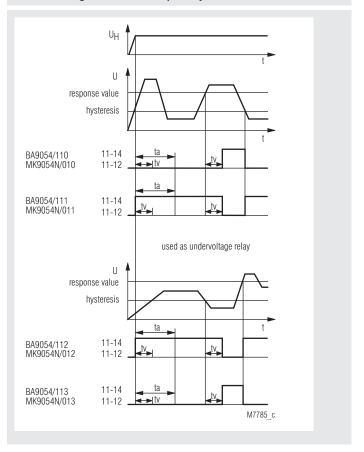
The start up delay t_a operates only when connecting the auxiliary supply. The response delay t_v is active after exceeding a response value. On overcurrent relays the delay is active when the current goes over the tripping value, on undercurrent relays when the current drops below the hysteresis value.

Indicators

green upper LED: on, when auxiliary supply connected yellow lower LED: on, when output relay acitvated

Function Diagram without Start-up Delay U 🎄 response value hysteresis UH 4 11-14 11-12 11-14 11-12 t_v used as undervoltage relay 11-14 BA9054/012 BA9054/022 11-12 11-14 BA9054/013 BA9054/023 11-12

Function Diagram with Start-up Delay



Version BA 9054/_1_: 2 changeover contacts

Version BA 9054/_20, /_21, /_22, /_23, /_24: 1 changeover contact, measuring range \geq 70 ... 700 V

M6782_f

At version BA 9054/6__ with manual reset the contacts remain in the fault state after detecting a fault or after to has elapsed. The contacts are reset by disconnecting the supply voltage.

2 10.02.16 en / 640

Input (e, f)

BA 9054 with 1 Measuring range for AC and DC			
Measuring range ¹⁾		internal	max. permissible
AC	DC	resistance	contin. voltage
6 60 mV	5.4 54 mV	20 kΩ	10 V
15 150 mV	13.5 135 mV	40 kΩ	100 V
50 500 mV	45 450 mV	270 kΩ	250 V
0.5 5 V	0.45 4.5 V	500 kΩ	300 V
1 10 V	0.9 9.0 V	1 ΜΩ	300 V
5 50 V	4.5 45 V	2 ΜΩ	500 V ²⁾
25 250 V	22.5 225 V	2 ΜΩ	500 V ²⁾
50 500 V	45 450 V	2 ΜΩ	500 V ²⁾
70 700 V ³⁾	63 630 V	3 ΜΩ	700 V ⁴⁾
100 1000 V ³⁾	90 900 V	3 ΜΩ	1000 V ⁴⁾

DC or AC voltage 50 ... 5000 Hz

(Other frequency ranges of 10 ... 5000 Hz, e.g. 16 ²/₃ Hz on request)

3) only with BA 9054/_20; /_21; /_22; /_23; /_24

(Version: 1 changeover contact) 4) at overvoltage category II: 1000 V

Please note:

Measuring ranges 6 ... 60 mV only available at variant BA 9054/080 (Using only for current sensing via shunt!)

MK 9054N with 1 Measuring range for AC and DC			
Measuring range ¹⁾		internal	max. permissible
AC	DC	resistance	contin. voltage
6 60 mV	5.4 54 mV	20 kΩ	10 V
15 150 mV	13.5 135 mV	40 kΩ	100 V
50 500 mV	45 450 mV	270 kΩ	250 V
0.5 5 V	0.45 4.5 V	500 kΩ	300 V
1 10 V	0.9 9.0 V	1 ΜΩ	300 V
5 50 V	4.5 45 V	2 ΜΩ	500 V ²⁾
25 250 V	22.5 225 V	2 ΜΩ	500 V ²⁾
50 500 V	45 450 V	2 ΜΩ	500 V ²⁾

¹⁾ DC or AC voltage 50 ... 5000 Hz

(Other frequency ranges of 10 ... 5000 Hz, e.g. 16 $^2/_3$ Hz on request)

Please note:

To avoid measuring mistakes, on units with mV input the input must always be terminated. In addition screened wires should be used...

Measuring ranges 6 ... 60 mV + 15 ... 150 mV (Using only for current sensing via shunt!)

Measuring principle: arithmetic mean value

The AC-devices can also monitor DC-Adjustment:

voltage. The scale offset in this case is

 $(\overline{U} = 0.90 U_{eff})$

Temperature influence: < 0.05 % / K

Setting Ranges

Setting

Response value: infinite variable 0.1 U_N ... 1 U_N

relative scale

Hysteresis

at AC: infinite variable 0.5 ... 0.98 of setting value at DC: infinite variable 0.5 ... 0.96 of setting value

Accuracy:

Response value at

Potentiometer right stop (max): 0 + 8 % - 10 + 8% ≤ ± 0.5 % Potentiometer left stop (min): Repeat accuracy:

Recovery time

at devices with manual reset

(Reset by braking of the auxiliary voltage)

BA 9054/6_ _; MK 9054N/6_ _:

(dependent to function and auxiliary voltage) Time delay t_.:

infinite variable at logarythmic scale from 0 ... 20 s, 0 ... 30 s, 0 ... 60 s, 0 ... 100 s

setting 0 s = without time delay

Start-up delay t₃:

BA 9054/1 : 1 ... 20 s; 1 ... 60 s; 1 ... 100 s,

adjustable on logarithmic scale. t is started when the supply voltage is connected. During elapse of time the output contact is in good state

MK 9054N: 0.1 ... 20 s; 0.1 ... 60 s; 0.1 ... 100 s

Auxiliary Circuit BA 9054 and MK 9054N

Auxiliary voltage U_H (A1, A2)

BA 9054, Nominal voltage: AC 24, 42, 110, 127, 230, 400 V

0.8 ... 1.1 U_H Voltage range: 50 / 60 Hz Nominal frequency: Frequency range: ±5% Nominal consumption: 2.5 VA

BA 9054, MK 9054N:			
Nominal voltage	Voltage range	Frequency range	
AC/DC 24 80 V	AC 18 100 V	45 400 Hz; DC 48 % W	
	DC 18 130 V	W ≤ 5 %	
AC/DC 80 230 V	AC 40 265 V	45 400 Hz; DC 48 % W	
	DC 40 300 V	W ≤ 5 %	

BA 9054		
Nominal voltage	Voltage range	Frequency range
DC 12 V	DC 10 18 V	battery voltage

4 VA; 1.5 W at AC 230 V Rel. energized Nominal consumption:

1 W at DC 80 V Rel. energized

IEC/EN 60 947-5-1

IEC/EN 60 947-5-1

IEC/EN 60 947-5-1

Output

Contacts

BA 9054: 2 changeover contacts MK 9054N: 2 changeover contacts

Thermal current I,,

BA 9054: 2 x 5 A MK 9054N: 2 x 4 A

Switching capacity

BA 9054 to AC 15:

NO contact: 2 A / AC 230 V 1 A / AC 230 V NC contact:

MK 9054N to AC 15:

1.5 A / AC 230 V IEC/EN 60 947-5-1

BA 9054, MK 9054N

to DC 13: 1 A / DC 24 V IEC/EN 60 947-5-1 **Electrical life** IEC/EN 60 947-5-1

BA 9054

to AC 15 at 3 A, AC 230 V:

MK 9054N:

105 switching cycles

5 x 105 switching cycles

to AC 15 at 3 A, AC 230 V: Short-circuit strength

6 AgL

max. fuse rating: Mechanical life

BA 9054 50 x 106 switching cycles MK 9054N: 30 x 106 switching cycles

3 10.02.16 en / 640

²⁾ at Overvoltage category II: 600 V

²⁾ Not suitable for 400 / 690 V-mains (systems)

Technical Data

General Data

Continuous operation Operating mode:

- 40 ... + 60°C Temperature range:

(higher temperature with limitations

on request)

Clearance and creepage distances

rated impulse voltage /

pollution degree

BA 9054:

IEC 60 664-1 6 kV / 2 MK 9054N 4 kV / 2 IEC 60 664-1 **EMC**

Electrostatic discharge: 8 kV (air) IEC/EN 61 000-4-2

HF irradiation

80 MHz ... 1 GHz: 20 V/m IEC/EN 61 000-4-3 1 GHz ... 2.7 GHz: 10 V/m IEC/EN 61 000-4-3 Fast transients: 4 kV IEC/EN 61 000-4-4

Surge voltages

between

wires for power supply: 2 kV IEC/EN 61 000-4-5 between wire and ground: 4 kV IEC/EN 61 000-4-5 Interference suppression: Limit value class B FN 55 011

Degree of protection

Housina: IP 40 IEC/EN 60 529 IP 20 IEC/EN 60 529 Terminals:

Thermoplastic with V0 behaviour Housing: according to UL subject 94

Vibration resistance: Amplitude 0.35 mm IEC/EN 60 068-2-6

frequency 10 ... 55 Hz

40 / 060 / 04 IEC/EN 60 068-1 Climate resistance:

Terminal designation: Wire connection

BA 9054: 2 x 2.5 mm² solid or

2 x 1.5 mm² stranded wire with sleeve

MK 9054N Screw terminals

(integrated): 1 x 4 mm² solid or

1 x 2.5 mm² stranded ferruled (isolated) or 2 x 1.5 mm² stranded ferruled (isolated)

or 2 x 2.5 mm² solid

Insulation of wires

or sleeve length: 8 mm

Plug in with screw terminals

max. cross section

for connection: 1 x 2.5 mm² solid or

1 x 2.5 mm² stranded ferruled (isolated)

Insulation of wires

or sleeve length: 8 mm

Plug in with cage clamp terminals

max. cross section

for connection: 1 x 4 mm² solid or

1 x 2.5 mm² stranded ferruled (isolated)

min. cross section

for connection: 0.5 mm²

Insulation of wires

12 ±0.5 mm or sleeve length:

Wire fixing

BA 9054: Flat terminals with self-lifting

IEC/EN 60 999-1 clamping piece MK 9054N: Plus-minus terminal screws M3.5 box

terminals with wire protection or cage clamp terminals

0.8 Nm Fixing torque:

Mounting: DIN-rail IEC/EN 60 715

Weight

BA 9054: AC-device: 280 g

AC/DC-fdevice: 200 g

MK 9054N: 150 g

Dimensions

Width x height x depth

BA 9054: 45 x 75 x 120 mm MK 9054N: 22.5 x 90 x 97 mm

Classification to DIN EN 50155 for BA 9054

Vibration and

shock resistance: Category 1, Class B IEC/EN 61 373

Protective coating of the PCB: No

UL-Data

Auxiliary voltage U_H(A1, A2)

AC 24, 42, 48, 110, 115, 120 V BA 9054:

Thermal current I,:

BA 9054: 2 x 5 A MK 9054N: 2 x 4 A Clearance and creepage distances

4 kV / 2 BA 9054, MK 9054N: IFC 60 664-1

HF irradiation BA 9054 (80 MHz ... 2.7 GHz) 10 V/m IEC/EN 61 000-4-3

Switching capacity: Pilot duty B150

Ambient temperature: - 40 ... + 60°C



Technical data that is not stated in the UL-Data, can be found in the technical data section.

CCC-Data

Switching capacity

to AC 15: to DC 13: IEC/EN 60 947-5-1 1.5 A / AC 230 V 1 A / DC 24 V IEC/EN 60 947-5-1



EN 50 005

Technical data that is not stated in the CCC-Data, can be found in the technical data section.

Standard Types

BA 9054/010 AC 25 ... 250 V AC 230 V

Article number: 0053639

· for Overcurrent monitoring

Measuring range: AC 25 ... 250 V Auxiliary voltage U,: AC 230 V Time delay t_v by U_{an:} 0 ... 20 s Width: 45 mm

BA 9054/012 AC 25 ... 250 V AC 230 V Article number: 0053711

for Undercurrent monitoring

 Measuring range: AC 25 ... 250 V Auxiliary voltage U_H: AC 230 V Time delay t by U ab: 0 ... 20 s Width: 45 mm

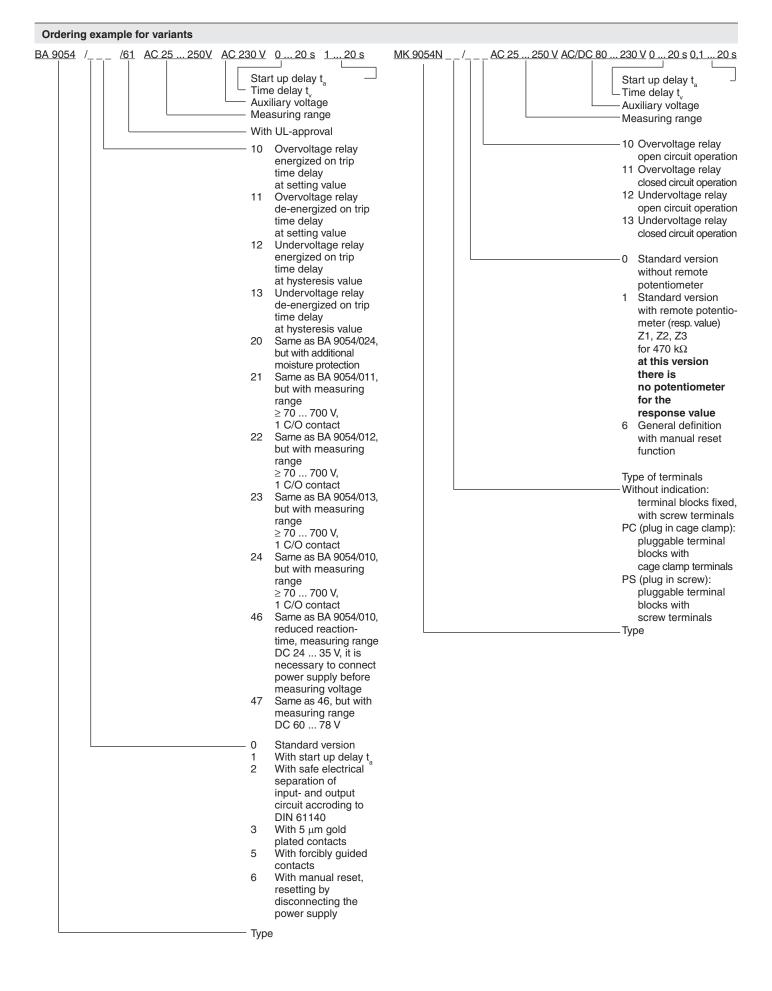
MK 9054N.12/010 AC 25 ... 250 V AC/DC 80 ... 230 V t, 0 ... 20 s t, 0.1 ... 20 s Article number:

for Overcurrent monitoring

Measuring range: AC 25 ... 250 V Auxiliary voltage U_H: AC/DC 80 ... 230 V

Time delay t_v by U_{an:}: 0 ... 20 s Start up delay t_a: 0.1 ... 20 s Width: 22.5 mm

4 10.02.16 en / 640



5

Options with Pluggable Terminal Blocks





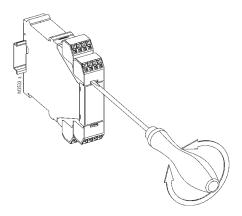
Screw terminal (PS/plugin screw)

Cage clamp (PC/plugin cage clamp)

Notes

Removing the terminal blocks with cage clamp terminals

- 1. The unit has to be disconnected.
- 2. Insert a screwdriver in the side recess of the front plate.
- 3. Turn the screwdriver to the right and left.
- 4. Please note that the terminal blocks have to be mounted on the belonging plug in terminations.



Accessories

AD 3:

Remote potentiometer 470 kW (article number 0050174)

Setting

Example:

Voltage relay BA 9054 / MK 9054N AC 25 ... 250 V

AC according to type plate: i.e. the unit is adjusted to AC voltage 25 ... 250 V = measuring range

Response value AC 150 V Hysteresis AC 75 V

Settings:

upper potentiometer: 0.6 $(0.6 \times 250 \text{ V} = 150 \text{ V})$ lower potentiometer: 0.5 $(0.5 \times 150 \text{ V} = 75 \text{ V})$

The AC-devices can also monitor DC current. The scale offset in this case is: $\overline{U} = 0.9 \ x \ U_{\mbox{\tiny eff}}$

AC 25 ... 250 V is equivalent to DC 22.5 ... 225 V

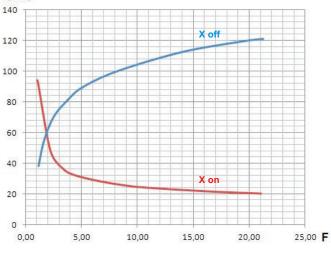
Response value DC 150 V Hysteresis DC 75 V

Settings:

upper potentiometer: 0.66 $(0.66 \times 225 \text{ V} = 150 \text{ V})$ lower potentiometer: 0.5 $(0.5 \times 150 \text{ V} = 75 \text{ V})$

Characteristics





M11504 a

Time delay of measuring circuit

X on: Measured value rises $F = \frac{\text{Meas. value (after rise of meas. value)}}{\text{Setting value}}$

X off: Measured value drops F = Meas. value (befor meas. value drops)

Setting value (hysteresis)

The diagram shows the typical delay of a standard devices depending on the measured values "X on and X off" at sudden rise or drop of the signal. At slow change of the measured value the delay is shorter. The total reaction time of the device results from the adjustable delay $\boldsymbol{t}_{_{\boldsymbol{v}}}$ and the delay created by the measuring circuit.

Example for "X on" (overvoltage detection with BA9054/010):

Adjusted setting value X on = 230 V.

Caused by a missing neutral the voltage rises suddenly to 400 V

$$F = \frac{\text{Measured value (after rise of meas. value)}}{\text{Setting value}} = \frac{400 \text{ V}}{230 \text{ V}} = 1,74$$

Reading from the diagram:

The output relay switches on after 64 ms at a setting t_=0.

Example for "X off" (undervoltage detection with BA9054/012):

Adjusted hysteresis setting value is 100 V.

Caused by a broken wire the voltage drops suddenly from 230 V to 0 V.

$$F = \frac{\text{Measured value (befor meas. value drops)}}{\text{Setting value (hysteresis)}} = \frac{230 \text{ V}}{100 \text{ V}} = 2,3$$

Reading from the diagram:

The output relay switches off after 70 ms at a setting $t_{\nu}=0$.